

C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 1 / 10

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: C1.MOSS
Product name C1.MOSS

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Detergent to remove moss and algae

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name ITALIAN XS SRL - XSTONE

Full address Via Del Mulino 25 - Zona Artigianale

District and Country 64039 Penna Sant'Andrea (TE)

Italia

Tel. +39 0861.650578 Fax +39 0861.1755862

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet office@italianxs.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Centro Antiveleni 24/24 h

Policlinico A. Gemelli (Roma)

Tel. +39 06.3054343

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Skin corrosion, category 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage, category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

category 1

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

EUH206 Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 2 / 10

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

Continue rinsing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. P303+P361+P353

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

P264 Wash . . . thoroughly after handling.

Contains: SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

CAS 7681-52-9 $30 \le x < 32,5$ Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, EUH031,

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: B

EC 231-668-3 INDEX 017-011-00-1

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

CAS 111-76-2 $5 \le x < 6$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319,

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

FC 203-905-0 INDEX 603-014-00-0

01-2119475108-36-XXXX Reg. no.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

CAS 1310-58-3 $0.9 \le x < 1$ Met. Corr. 1 H290, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318

INDEX 019-002-00-8

215-181-3 EC

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 3 / 10

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures .../>>

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP España INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2017

FRA France JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2019



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 4 / 10

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

				2-BUTO	XYETHANO)L		
Threshold Limit	Value							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
VLA	ESP	98	20	245	50	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	9,8	2	147,6	30	SKIN		
WEL	GBR		25		50	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		97	20					

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE									
Threshold Limit Value									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
VLA	ESP			2					
VLEP	FRA			2					
WEL	GBR			2					
TLV-ACGIH				2 (C)					

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold pH Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Boiling range Flash point	>	Value liquid colourless characteristic Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available of available
Flash point Evaporation rate	>	60 °C Not available

Information



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 5 / 10

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Not available Upper explosive limit Vapour pressure Not available Vapour density Not available Relative density 1.06 Solubility Not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Auto-ignition temperature Not available Not available Decomposition temperature Viscosity Not available Explosive properties Not available Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

May develop: heat.May corrode: metals.

10.2. Chemical stability

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with strong acids causes the development of toxic gases.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Develops hydrogen on contact with: metals.Develops heat on contact with: strong acids.Reacts violently with: water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat. Keep away from: oxidising agents, acids, flammable substances, halogens, organic substances. Keep away from: lead, aluminium, copper, tin, sulphur, bronze. Absorbs atmospheric CO2.

Unstable on exposure to air. Freezing.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

May develop: flammable gases.



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 6 / 10

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

 LD50 (Oral)
 > 300 mg/kg Ratto

 LD50 (Dermal)
 > 1000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 > 10 mg/l/4h Rat

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

LD50 (Oral) 333 mg/kg Rat

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal) > 10000 mg/kg Rabbit

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 7 / 10

SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms.

12.1. Toxicity

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 100 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 100 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 100 mg/l/72h

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

LC50 - for Fish

0,059 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss
EC50 - for Crustacea

0,04 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

46 mg/l/72h Gracilaria tenuistipitata

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,81

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -3,42

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 8 / 10

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations .../>

should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1760

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)
IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)
IATA: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8

IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8

IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant



IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 80 Limited Quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special Provision: -

IMDG:EMS: F-A, S-BLimited Quantities: 1 LIATA:Cargo:Maximum quantity: 30 L

Cargo: Maximum quantity: 30 L Packaging instructions: 855
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 1 L Packaging instructions: 851

Special Instructions: A3, A803

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 9 / 10

SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1 Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4 Skin Corr. 1A Skin corrosion, category 1A Skin corrosion, category 1B Skin Corr. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

H290 May be corrosive to metals. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage. H318 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

EUH206 Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation



C1.MOSS - C1.MOSS

Revision nr.1 Dated 18/09/2019 First compilation Printed on 21/12/2020 Page n. 10 / 10

SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.